



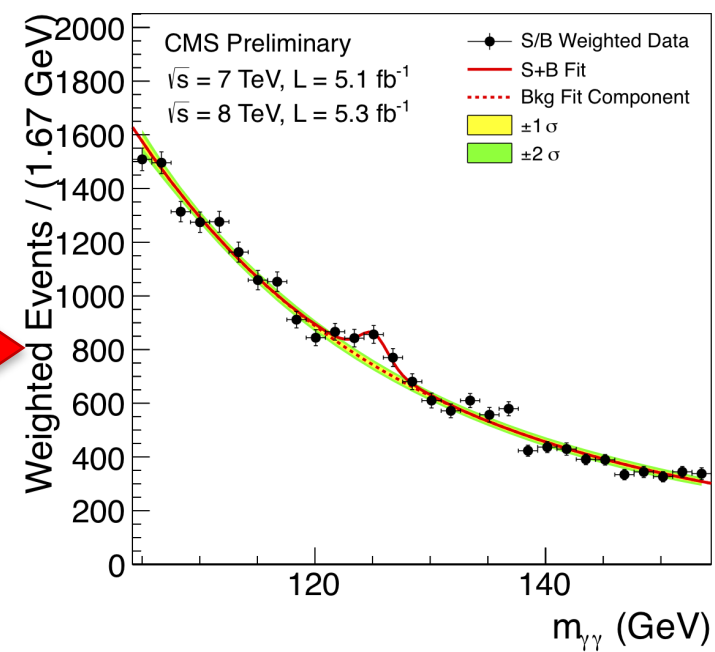
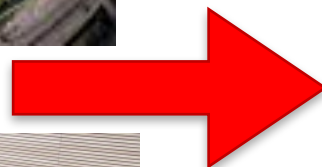
GlideinWMS

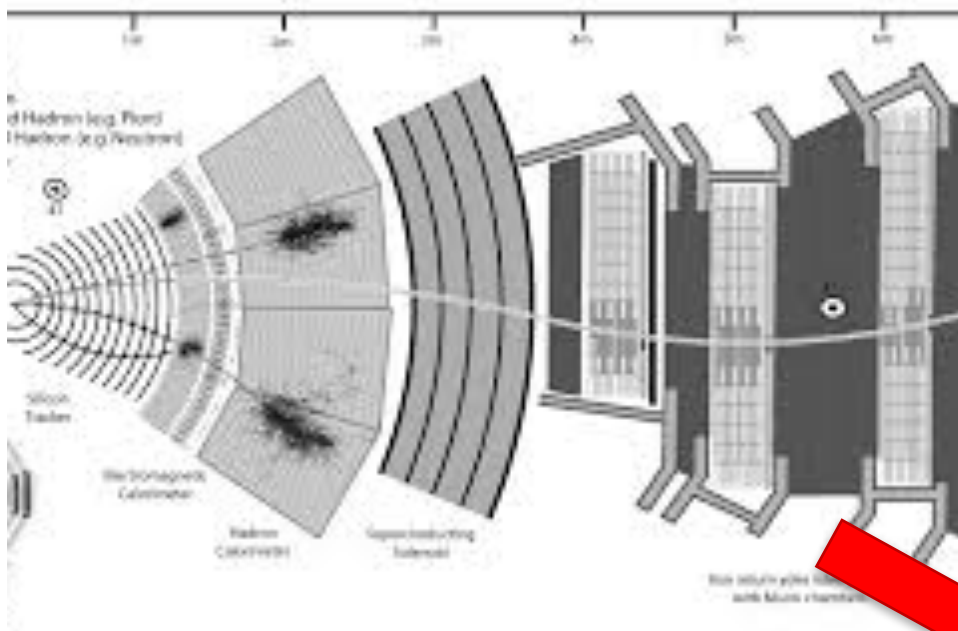
Marco Mambelli
Summer Student Guidelines
May 2020

Outline

- Scientific computing
- GlideinWMS
- HTCondor
- Resources
- Monitoring
- Links
- Demo

- **Scientific computing**
- GlideinWMS
- HTCondor
- Resources
- Monitoring
- Links
- Demo






HEP experiments require computing!

- Accelerator and detector simulations
- Data reconstruction
- Data analysis

When one
computer is not
enough

- 
- ✓ Supercomputer
 - ✓ Cluster (Batch Systems)
 - ✓ Grid
 - ✓ Cloud

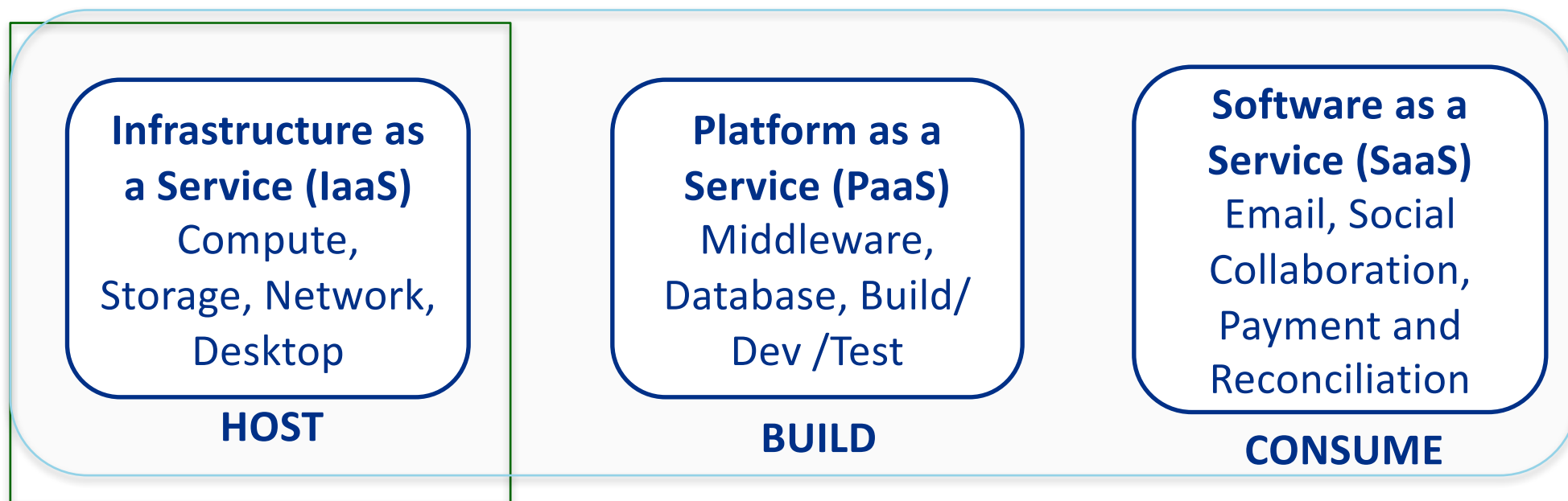
Computing resources

- Supercomputer
 - Special purpose computer fine tuned to achieve elevated number of operations per second
- Cluster (batch system)
 - Collection of parallel or distributed computers which are interconnected among themselves using high-speed networks
 - Local Resource Manager (or batch system) is the software managing the computers in the cluster (e.g. PBS, SLURM, HTCondor, SGE, LSF, ...)
- Grid (e.g. Open Science Grid)
 - Combines computers from multiple administrative domains to reach common goals, to solve tasks
 - System that coordinates resources which are not subject to centralized control, using standard, open, general-purpose protocols and interfaces to deliver nontrivial qualities of service

Computing resources (cont)

- Cloud
 - Refers to both the applications delivered as services over the Internet and the hardware and system software in the data centers that provide those services
 - aka Elastic computing, available or paid only when used
 - Software as a Service (SaaS) is a kind of services where in many users can make use of the software hosted by the service provider and pay only for time its being used (Workday, Slack)
 - Platform as a Service (PaaS) provides a high-level integrated environment to design, build, test, deploy and update online custom applications (Amazon orchestration, Google AE)
 - Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) refers to the services provided to the users to use processing power, storage, network and other computing resources, to run any software including operating systems and applications (AWS, Google CE, Fermicloud)

Basic concepts – Service Models



Services provided to the users to use processing power, storage, network and other computing resources, to run any software including operating systems and applications (AWS, Google CE)

HTC problem: Growing needs and Trends

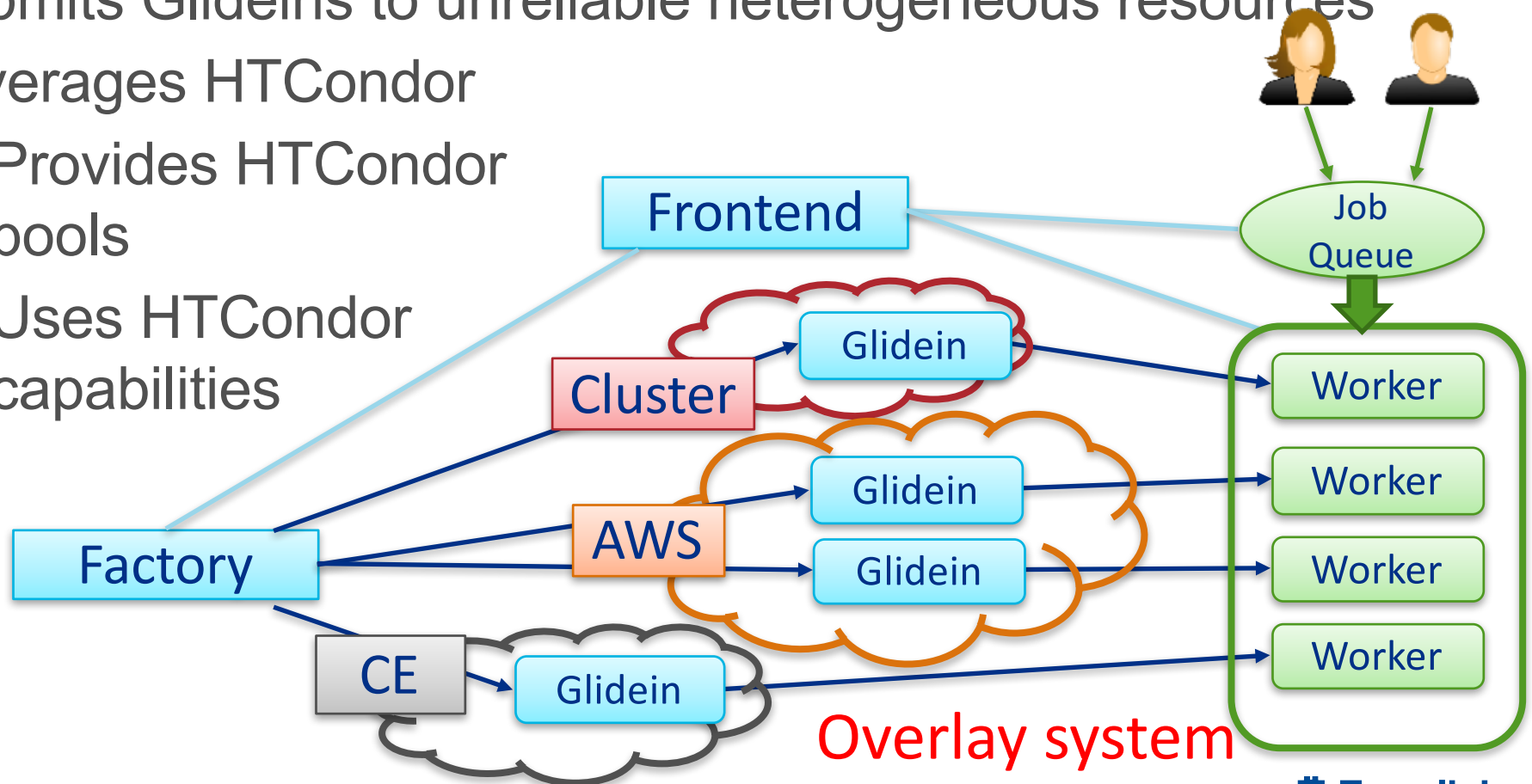
- High Throughput Computing
 - use of many computing resources over long periods of time to accomplish a computational task
- Need for more resources
 - Scale to more jobs
 - Access more resources
 - Simplify the management
- Less structured resources and infrastructure
 - Multiple organizations
 - Different systems
 - Less infrastructure
 - Different authentications

- Scientific computing
- **GlideinWMS**
- HTCondor
- Resources
- Monitoring
- Links
- Demo

GlideinWMS

GlideinWMS is a pilot based resource provisioning tool for distributed High Throughput Computing

- Provides reliable and uniform virtual clusters
- Submits Glideins to unreliable heterogeneous resources
- Leverages HTCondor
 - Provides HTCondor pools
 - Uses HTCondor capabilities



Glidein: node testing and customization

- Scouts for resources and validates the Worker node
 - Cores, memory, disk, GPU, ...
 - OS, software installed
 - CVMFS
 - VO specific tests
- Customizes the Worker node
 - Environment, GPU libraries, ...
 - Starting containers (Singularity, ...)
 - VO specific setup
- Provides a reliable and customized execute node to HTCondor

Factory

- A Glidein Factory knows how to submit to sites
 - Sites are described in a local configuration
 - Only trusted and tested sites are included
- Each site entry in the configuration contains
 - Contact info (hostname, resource type, queue name)
 - Site configuration (startup dir, OS type, ...)
 - VOs authorized/supported
 - Other attributes (Site name, core count, max memory, ...)
 - Glideins can also auto-detect resources
- Configuration can be auto-generated (e.g. from CRIC), admin curated, stored in VCS (e.g. GitHub)
- Condor does the heavy lifting of submissions.

Factory: Supported resources

- Remote or local clusters:
 - Can have batch systems other than HTCondor: PBS, SGE, Slurm, all supported.
- Grid sites (CREAM, ARC, HTCondor-CE)
- Hosted CEs
- Commercial cloud (AWS, Google)
- Open Source Cloud (OpenStack, OpenNebula)
- HPC sites
 - Uses an ssh-based system to ssh into HPC sites and submit directly from their login nodes.



Frontend

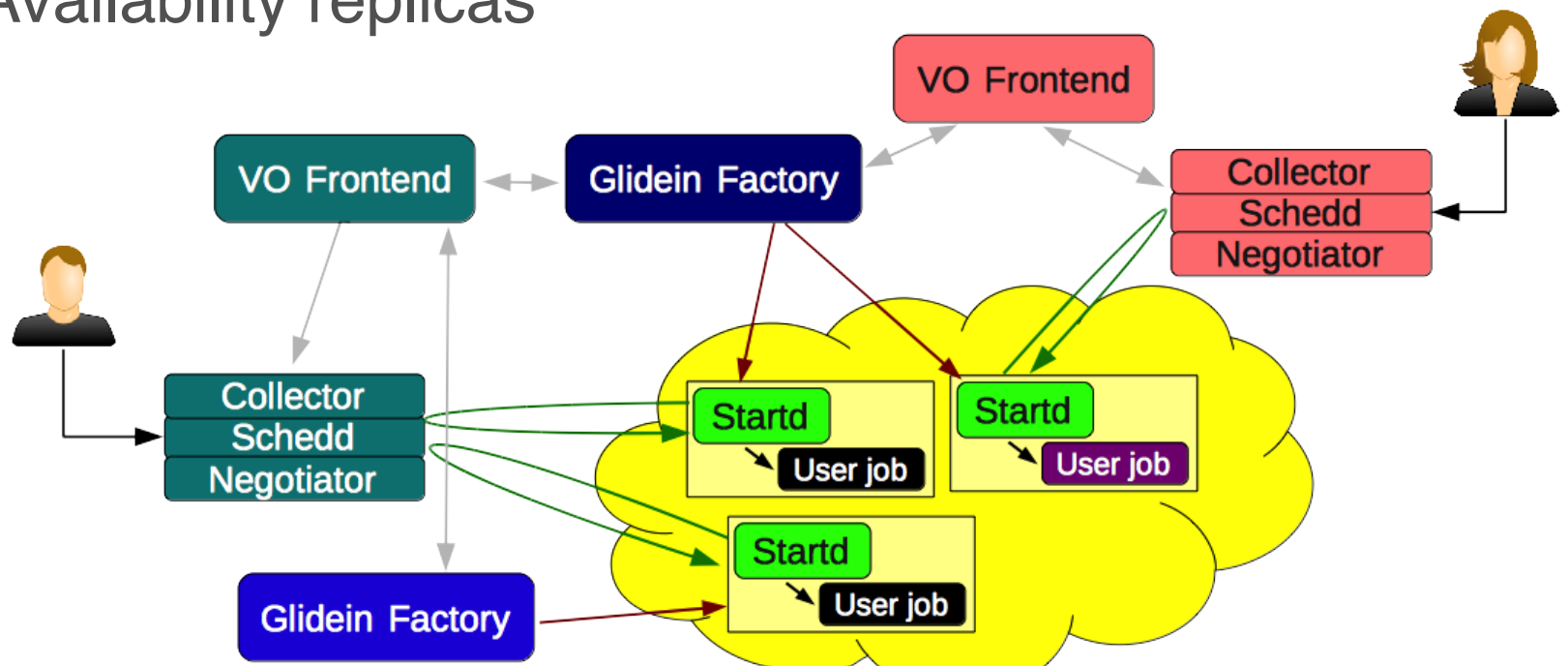
- Monitors jobs to see how many Glideins are needed
- Compares what entries (sites) are available
- Requests Glideins from the Factory
- Requests Factory to kill Glideins if there are too many
- Pressure-based system
 - Works keeping a certain number of Glideins running or idle at the sites
 - Glideins requests are gradual to avoid spikes and overloads
- Manages credentials and delegates them to the Factory.

GlideinWMS components

FRONTEND	FACTORY
<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Controlled by VO Operators- Main task is to look for user jobs and ask the Glidein Factories to provide glideins, if needed- Decides which glidein Factory should submit the pilot Jobs and how many of them- Configuration xml file: /etc/gwms-frontend/frontend.xml	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Controlled by Factory operators (OSG)- Advertises itself, listen for requests from Frontend clients and submit glideins- Can handle multiple kinds of glidein- Configuration xml file: /etc/gwms-factory/glideinwms.xml
GLIDEIN	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Requested by the Frontend, launched by the Factory and joins the virtual cluster- Property configured execution node submitted as a Grid job.- Defines how multi-core glideins should split their resources- Pilot jobs may run multiple user Jobs- glidein_startup.sh configures and starts the condor startd daemon	

Distributed

- N-to-M relationship
 - Each Frontend can talk to many Factories
 - Each Factory may serve many Frontends
- Multiple User Pools
- High Availability replicas



S.Timm - FNAL-UK Planning Meeting GlideinWMS

Frontend configuration example

```
<frontend downtimes_file="frontenddowntime" advertise_delay="5" frontend_name="vofrontend-v2_4" loop_delay="60">
  <log_retention >
    <process_logs >
      <process_log extension="info" max_days="7.0" max_mbytes="100.0" min_days="3.0" msg_types="INFO" backup_count="5" compression="gz" />
      <process_log extension="debug" max_days="7.0" max_mbytes="100.0" min_days="3.0" msg_types="DEBUG,ERR,WARN" backup_count="5" />
    </process_logs >
  </log_retention >
  <match match_expr="True" start_expr="True" policy_file="/path/to/python-policy-file">
    <factory query_expr="True">
      <match_attrs />
      <collectors>
        <collector DN="/DC=org/DC=doegrids/OU=Services/CN=factory-server.fnal.gov" comment="" factory_identity="factoryuser@factory-server.fnal.gov" my_identity="frontenduser@frontend-server.fnal.gov" node="factory-server.fnal.gov:8618" />
      </collectors>
    </factory>
    <job comment="" query_expr="(JobUniverse==5)&&(GLIDEIN_Is_Monitor != TRUE)&&(JOB_Is_Monitor != TRUE)">
      <match_attrs />
      <schedds>
        <schedd DN="/DC=org/DC=doegrids/OU=Services/CN=userpool.fnal.gov" fullname="userpool.fnal.gov" />
        <schedd DN="/DC=org/DC=doegrids/OU=Services/CN=userpool.fnal.gov" fullname="schedd_jobs1@userpool.fnal.gov" />
        <schedd DN="/DC=org/DC=doegrids/OU=Services/CN=userpool.fnal.gov" fullname="schedd_jobs2@userpool.fnal.gov" />
      </schedds>
    </job>
  </match>

  <monitor base_dir="/var/www/html/vofrontend/monitor" flot_dir="/opt/javascriptrrd-0.6.3/flot" javascriptRRD_dir="/opt/javascriptrrd-0.6.3/src/lib"
  jquery_dir="/opt/javascriptrrd-0.6.3/flot" />
  <monitor_footer display_txt="Legal Disclaimer" href_link="/site/disclaimer.html" />

  <security classad_proxy="/etc/grid-security/vocert.pem" proxy_DN="/DC=org/DC=doegrids/OU=Services/CN=frontend-server.fnal.gov"
  proxy_selection_plugin="ProxyAll" security_name="frontenduser" sym_key="aes_256_cbc">
    <credentials>
      <credential absfname="/tmp/x509up_u" security_class="frontend" trust_domain="OSG" type="grid_proxy" vm_id="123" vm_type="type1"
      pool_idx_len="5" pool_idx_list="2,4-6,10" />
    </credentials>
  </security>

  <stage base_dir="/var/www/html/vofrontend/stage" use_symlink="True" web_base_url="http://frontend-server.fnal.gov:9000/vofrontend/stage" />
  <work base_dir="/opt/vofrontend" base_log_dir="/opt/vofrontend/logs" />
  <attrs>
    <attr name="GLIDECLIENT_Rank" glidein_publish="False" job_publish="False" parameter="True" type="string" value="1" />
    <attr name="GLIDECLIENT_Start" glidein_publish="False" job_publish="False" parameter="True" type="string" value="True" />
    <attr name="GLIDEIN_Expose_Grid_Env" glidein_publish="True" job_publish="True" parameter="False" type="string" value="True" />
    <attr name="GLIDEIN_Glexec_Use" glidein_publish="True" job_publish="True" parameter="False" type="string" value="OPTIONAL" />
    <attr name="USE_MATCH_AUTH" glidein_publish="False" job_publish="False" parameter="True" type="string" value="True" />
  </attrs>
  <groups>
    <group name="main" enabled="True">
      <config>
```

WMS Collector

Available schedds

Security credentials

Factory configuration example - Entry

Entry configuration

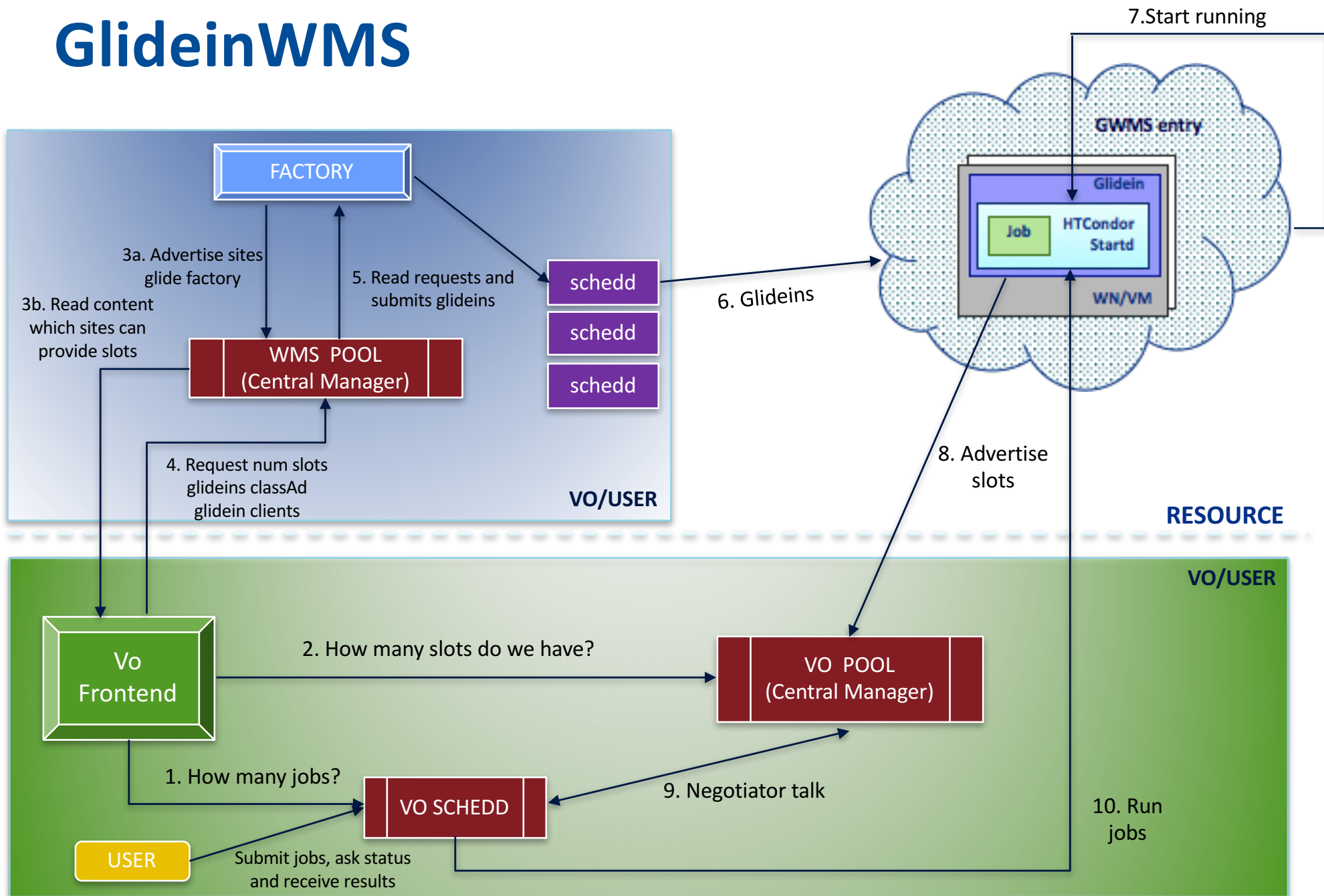
Limits
(in glideins)

```
<entry name="EXAMPLE_ENTRY" enabled="True" auth_method="grid_proxy" trust_domain="OSG"
gatekeeper="gatewayname.fnal.gov/jobmanager-condor" gridtype="gt2" rsl="(queue=default)
(jobtype=single)" schedd_name="wmscollector.fnal.gov" verbosity="std" work_dir="OSG">
  <config>
    <max_jobs>
      <per_entry held="1000" idle="2000" glideins="10000"/>
      <default_per_frontend held="50" idle="100" glideins="5000"/>
      <per_frontends>
        <per_frontend name="FRONTEND:SECURITY_CLASS" held="50" idle="100" glideins="5000"/>
      </per_frontends>
    </max_jobs>
    <release max_per_cycle="20" sleep="0.2"/>
    <remove max_per_cycle="5" sleep="0.2"/>
    <submit cluster_size="10" max_per_cycle="100" sleep="0.2" slots_layout="partitionable">
      <submit_attrs>
        <submit_attr name="RequestMemory" value="2000">
          <submit_attrs/>
        </submit>
      </submit>
    </config>
    <allow_frontends />
    <attrs>
      <attr name="CONDOR_ARCH" const="True" glidein_publish="False" job_publish="False"
parameter="True" publish="False" type="string" value="default"/>
      <attr name="CONDOR_OS" const="True" glidein_publish="False" job_publish="False"
parameter="True" publish="False" type="string" value="default" />
      <attr name="GLEXEC_BIN" const="True" glidein_publish="False" job_publish="False"
parameter="True" publish="True" type="string" value="NONE"/>
      <attr name="GLIDEIN_Site" const="True" glidein_publish="True" job_publish="True"
parameter="True" publish="True" type="string" value="FNAL EXAMPLE SITE"/>
      <attr name="GLIDEIN_CPUS" const="True" glidein_publish="True" job_publish="True"
parameter="True" publish="True" type="string" value="1"/>
    </attrs>
    <monitorgroups/>
    <files/>
    <infosys_refs />
  </entry>
```

Partitionable

Slot description (assuming/imposing 1 core)

GlideinWMS



Major GlideinWMS Deployments

- Beta version was called “GlideCAF” in CDF
 - Began testing in 2005
- CMS Global Pool—regularly 200000+ cores
 - Redundant master nodes at CERN and Fermilab
 - Combines production and analysis jobs
- FIFEBATCH / FermiGrid
 - Integrates 18000 on-site cores of FermiGrid with up to 12000 offsite cores.
 - DUNE is using it for standard production and analysis
 - Demonstrated a pool with 2.01 million cores (NOVA 2018)
- Open Science Grid
 - Multi-VO structure shares the same Factory at UCSD
- HEPCloud
 - Portal integrating multiple resources



How it is used?

- Can be used directly
 - HTCondor
- Integrates well in hybrid systems
 - OSG-Connect
 - FermiGrid
- Used by workload/workflow managers:
 - JobSub
 - ProdAgent, CRAB
 - POMS
 - Pegasus
 - HEPCloud

- Scientific computing
- GlideinWMS
- **HTCondor**
- Resources
- Monitoring
- Links
- Demo

HTCondor

- HTCondor is a Workload Management System
 - i.e.: batch system or Local Resource Manager
- Open-source batch system implementation
 - Fault tolerant
 - Robust feature set
 - Flexible
 - Local Center for High Throughput Computing (UW Madison)



HTCondor ClassAds

- HTCondor principles: two parts of the equation
 - Jobs: quanta of work
 - Machines: available resources
- ClassAds is a language for objects (jobs and machines) to
 - Express attributes about themselves
 - Express what they require/desire in a match (similar to personal classified ads)
 - Structure
 - Set of attribute name/value pairs
 - Value : Literals (string, bool, int, float or an expression)

Example Match

Pet Ad

MyType = "Pet"

TargetType = "Buyer"

Requirements =

DogLover =?= True

Rank = 0

PetType = "Dog"

Color = "Brown"

Price = 75

Breed = "Saint Bernard"

Size = "Very Large"

...

Dog == Resource ~= Machine

Buyer Ad

MyType = "Buyer"

TargetType = "Pet"

Requirements =

(**PetType** == "Dog") &&

(**TARGET.Price** <= **MY.AcctBalance**)

&&

(**Size** == "Large" || **Size** == "Very Large")

Rank = (**Breed** == "Saint Bernard")

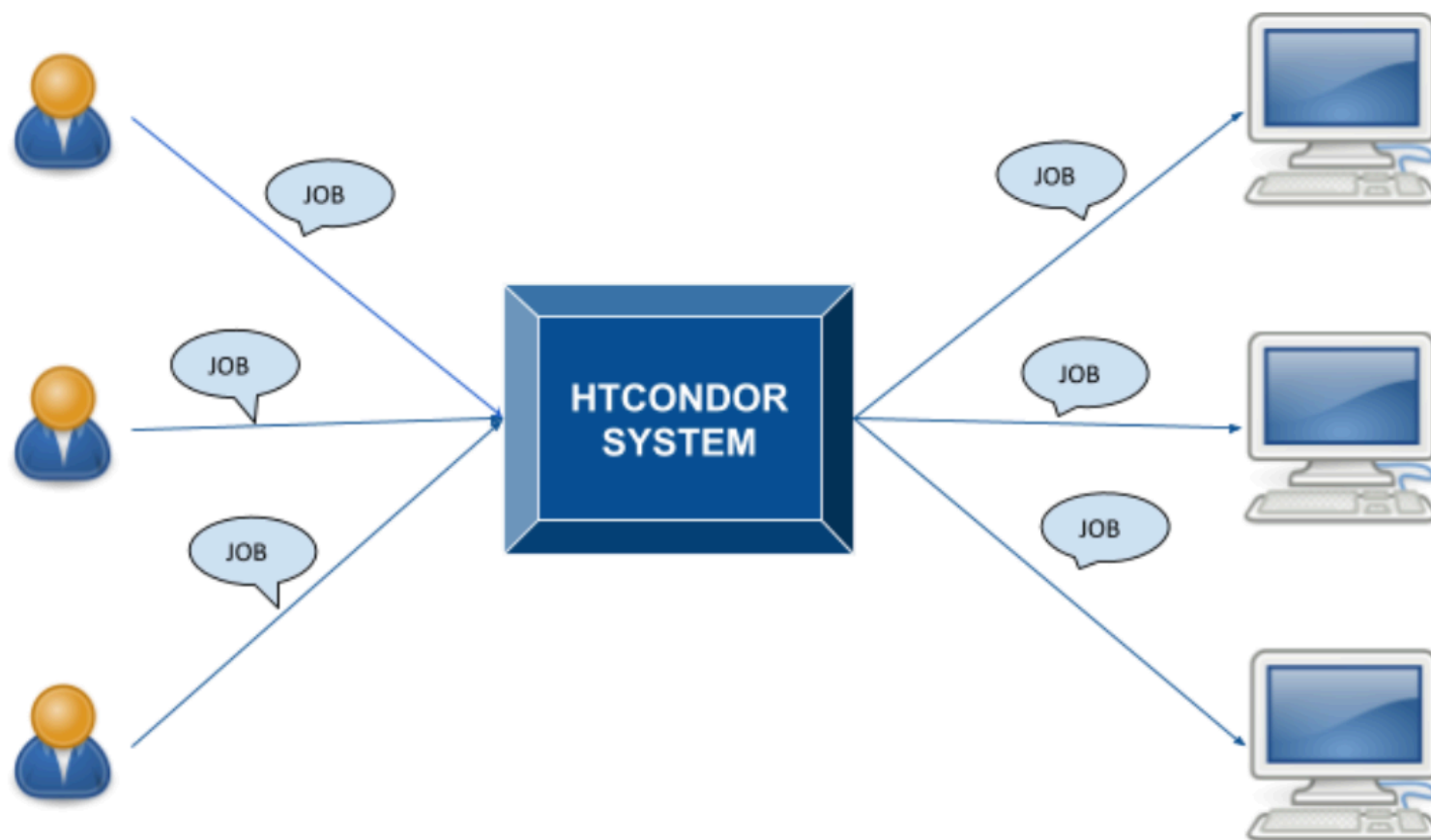
AcctBalance = 100

DogLover = True

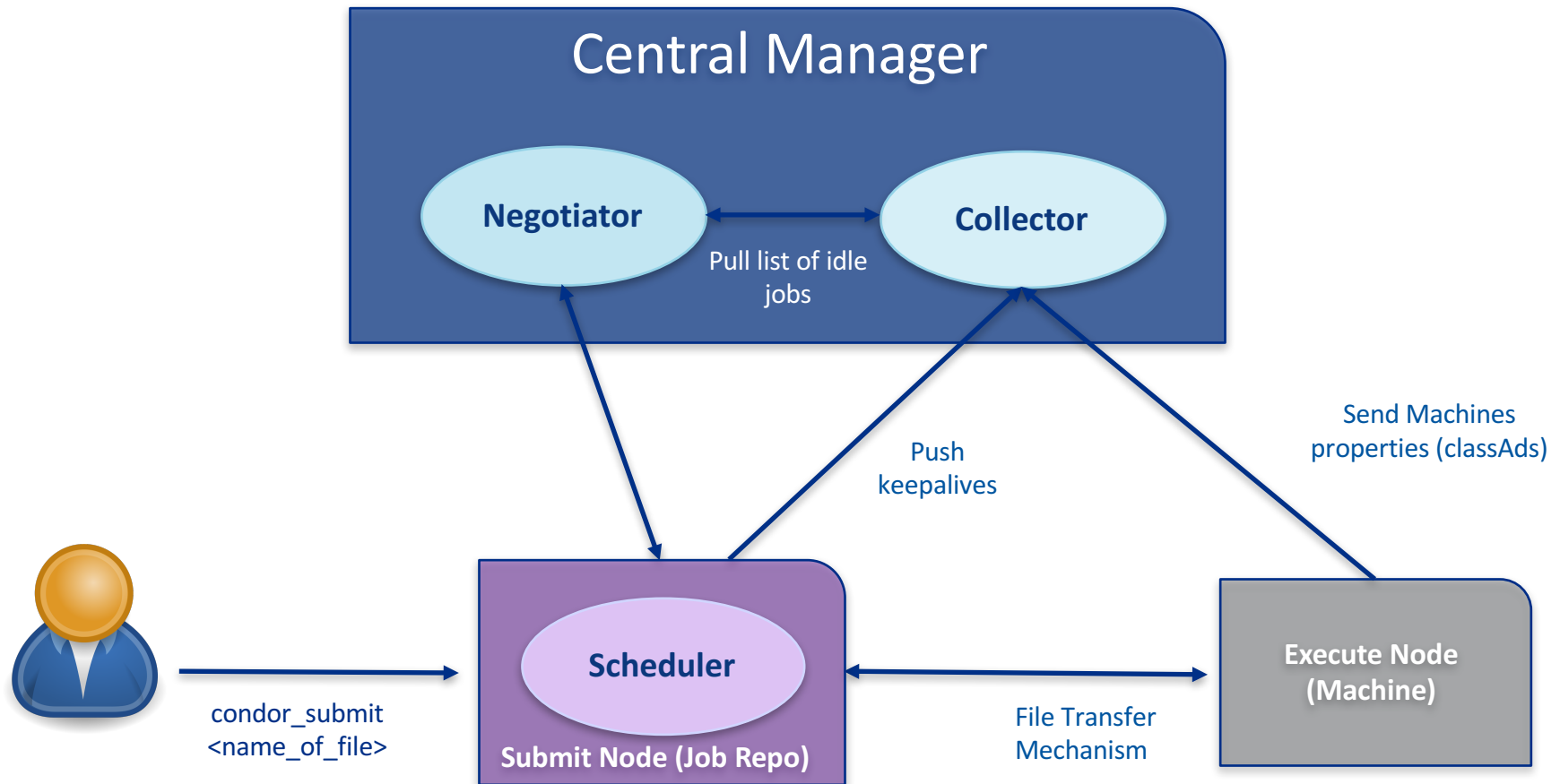
...

Buyer ~= Job

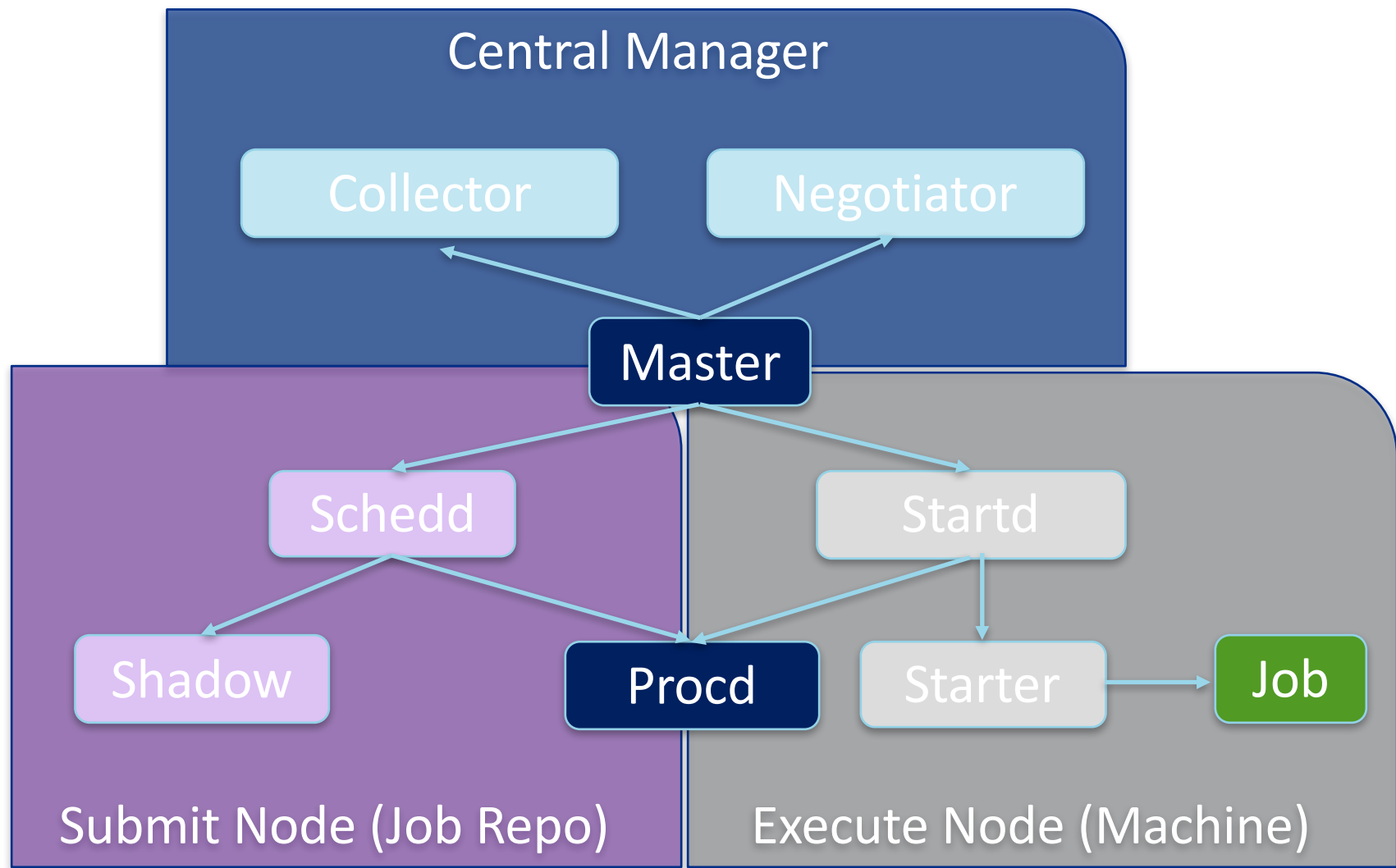
HTCondor Workflow



HTCondor components



HTCondor components (daemons)



- Scientific computing
- GlideinWMS
- HTCondor
- **Resources**
- Monitoring
- Links
- Demo

Glideins run on Execute Nodes

- This is a machine (worker node, host, node, resource), managed by a (Local) Resource Manager
- More frequently virtual than not
- Characterized by its resources (dimensions):
 - CPUs (or total number of cores)
 - RAM (memory)
 - Disk
- There can be other special resources that the node provides: GPUs, access to devices, software, ...
- The Glidein will receive all the node or part of it
- Sometime is not easy to identify everything used by a job

Simple (confusing) scenario

Historically 1 job was running on 1 glidein on 1 worker node using 1 CPU with 1 core.

- Terms got mixed up
- Systems were handling these interchangeably

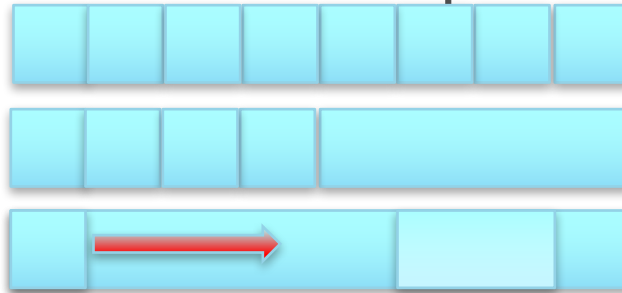
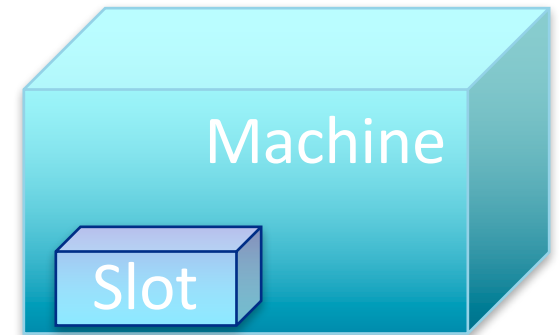
This is no more

- Systems are more flexible
- We need to know what we want to count or control

Units of work and resources

Terms used by HTCondor

- Job
- Machine (Startd)
- Slot (vm, Starter): multidimensional partition of a machine
 - Static
 - Partitionable
 - Dynamic



Glidein

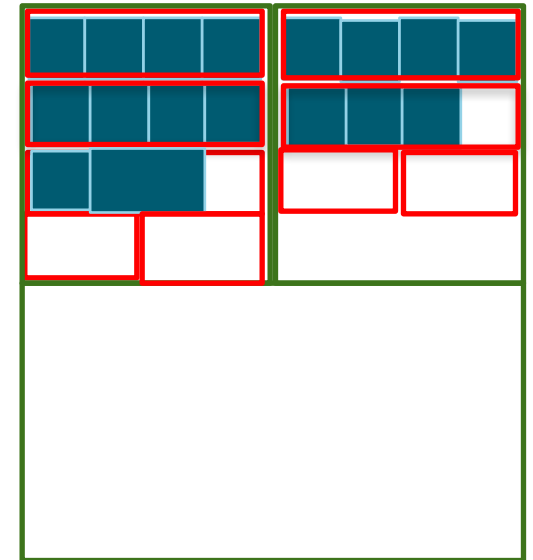
- Pilot sent on a Machine (or more)
- Allows partitioning policies
- Job for the Factory

Job and Machine ‘dimensions’

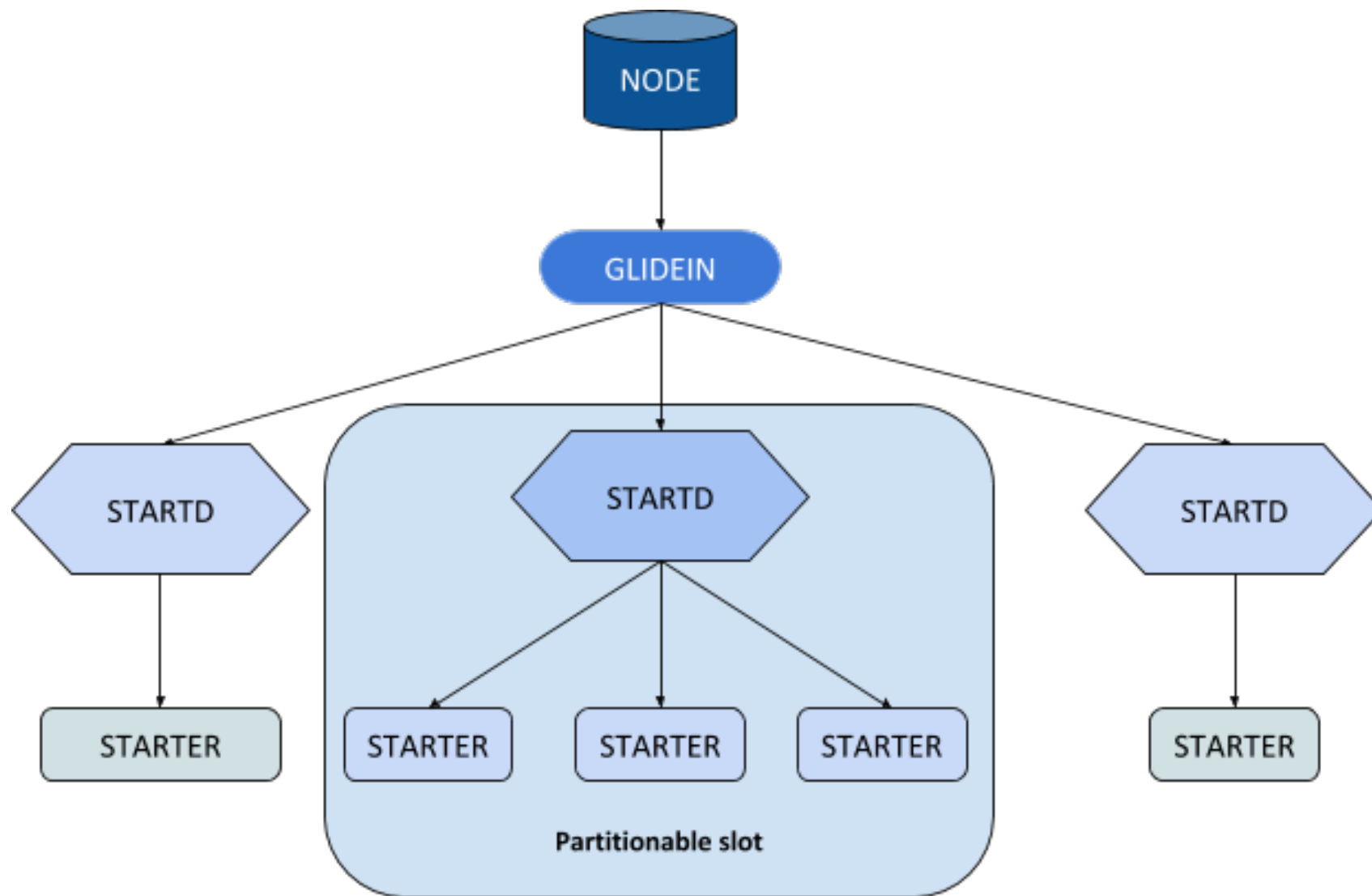
- Job request
 - request_cpus: number of cores, integer, default 1.
 - request_disk: amount of disk space in Kbytes, default to sum of sizes of the job's executable and all input files (or image size)
 - request_memory: amount of memory space in Mbytes, default to executable size
- Machine
 - Cpus: number of cores, integer, by default the available cores
 - Disk: amount of disk space on this machine available for the job in KiB, by default the available space
 - Memory: amount of RAM in MiB in this slot
- Over and Under provision are possible

Partitioning in an overlay system

- Dimensions: Cores, Memory, Disk, Lifetime
- The resource (e.g. GPGrid) partitions its Execute nodes
- GlideinWMS further partitions the resources it receives
- E.g. 64 Cores machine split in 16 or 32 cores cluster slots; 16 or 12 cores Glideins in 4 or 2 cores partitionable slots; 2 or 1 core jobs
- Issues
 - Fragmentation (unused)
 - Flexibility (vs Complexity)
 - Under or over provisioning (overbooking or be prudent)
 - Scaling (big slots, fewer slices)



Units of work and resources



- Scientific computing
- GlideinWMS
- HTCondor
- Resources
- **Monitoring**
- Links
- Demo

Why monitoring is so important?

- Something may break, what?
- CE
 - May refuse to accept glideins
 - May not start glideins
 - Fail to tell us what the status of the job is
- The worker node may be broken/misconfigured (validation fails)
- Networking may not work properly
- Central Manager never hears from the Startd
- Schedd cannot talk to Startd
- Security infrastructure could be broken (CAs missing)
- Jobs not matching

Monitoring resources

- Logs
 - Frontend
 - Factory
 - HTCondor
 - CE
 - Glidein
- ClassAds
- GlideinWMS monitoring
- Monitoring FIFEMON

GlideinWMS monitoring

Glidein Factory Status - gfactory_instance@SDSC

Choose a Glidein destination...

•View has: 20 Total Entries - (CMS_T0-Frontend_cmnpilot)

Select a view: ☐ Active only ☐ Troubleshoot ☐ Period

CMS_T0-Frontend_cmnpilc

☐ Autoupdate (30 mins)

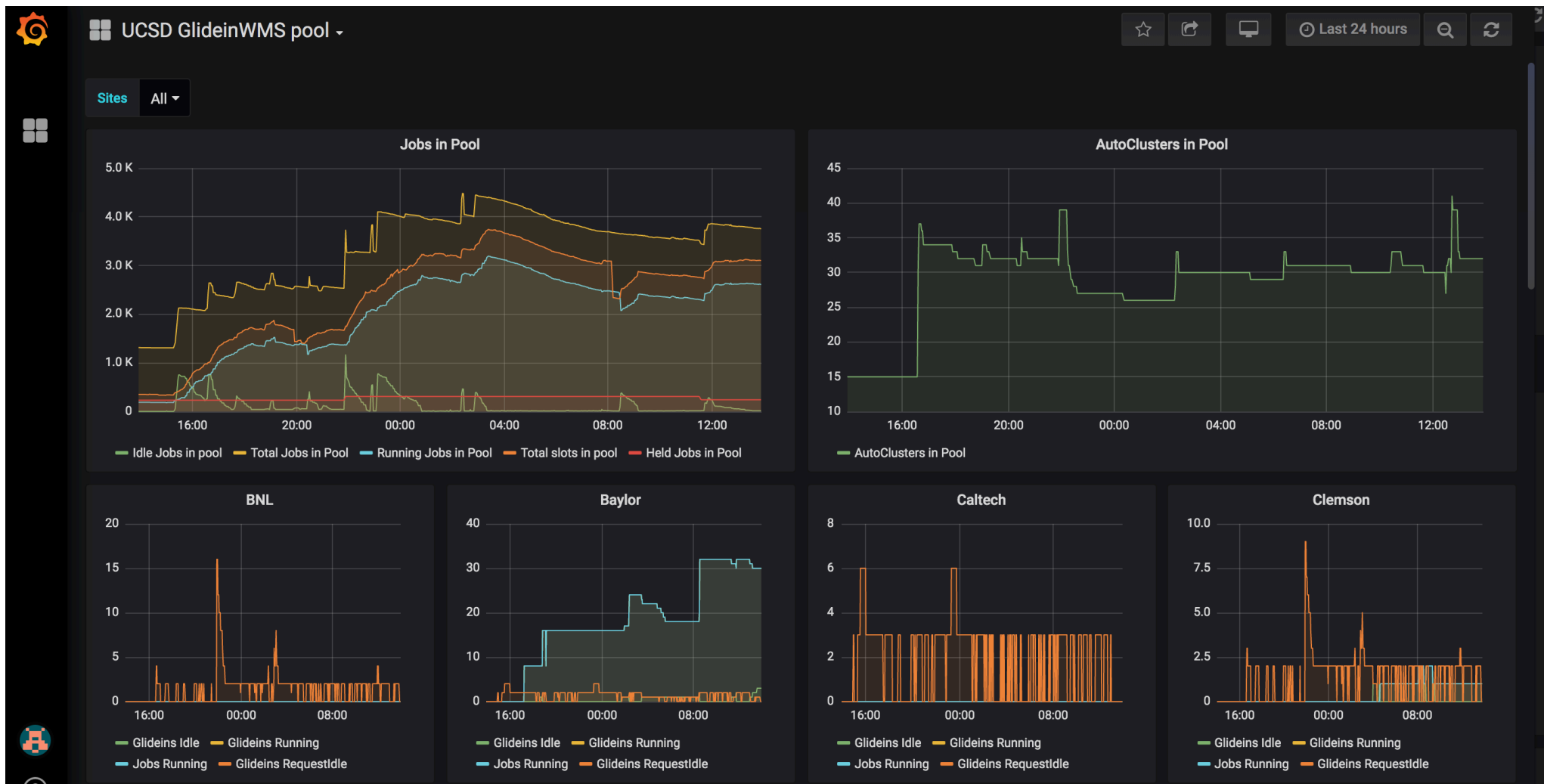
Update Table Reset All Selections

Link

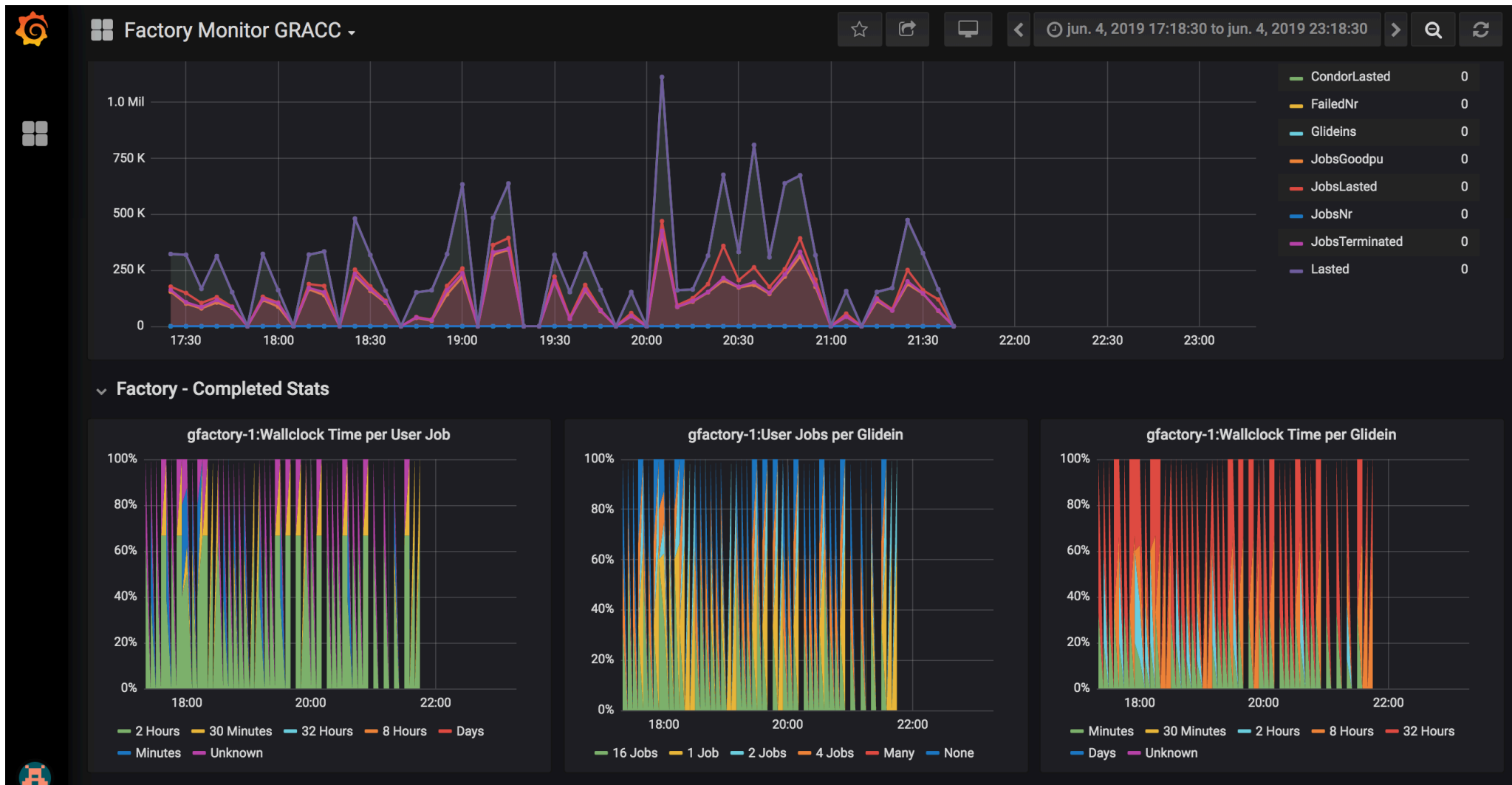
XML last update: Tue May 28 17:02:05 2019

Entry Name		Status:									Requested:		Client Monitor:						
		Running	Idle	Waiting	Pending	Staging in	Staging out	Unknown	Held	Running cores	Max glideins	Idle	Claimed cores	User run here	User running	Unmatched cores	User idle	Registered cores	Info age
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce503	↑	5	20	0	20	0	0	0	0	50	1283	21	12	9	79921	38	304436	50	213
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce504	↑	3	20	0	20	0	0	0	0	30	1283	21	0	0	0	30	304436	30	209
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce505	↑	5	28	11	5	0	0	12	32	50	1286	21	31	17	79921	19	304436	50	212
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce506	↑	4	25	0	25	0	0	0	19	40	1285	21	24	3	79921	16	304436	40	224
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce507	↑	7	21	13	0	0	0	8	44	70	1286	21	53	41	79921	25	304436	80	211
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce508	↑	14	20	20	0	0	0	0	32	140	1286	21	106	61	79921	52	304436	160	644
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce509	↑	57	20	0	20	0	0	0	0	570	1286	20	395	188	79921	163	304436	570	224
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce510	↑	113	20	0	20	0	0	0	0	1130	1293	21	835	461	79921	271	304436	1130	328
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce511	↑	120	20	0	20	0	0	0	0	1200	1305	21	881	445	79921	274	304436	1200	324
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce512	↑	24	23	0	23	0	0	0	37	240	1290	21	165	106	79921	65	304436	240	324
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce513	↑	107	23	0	20	0	0	3	0	1070	1292	21	806	395	79921	241	304436	1070	322
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_ce514	↑	40	21	18	3	0	0	0	39	400	1298	21	284	207	79921	78	304436	390	321
CMSHTPC_T2_CH_CERN_cet01_10	↑	222	20	0	20	0	0	0	0	2664	1070	20	2053	1168	79938	603	304436	2664	180

GlideinWMS monitoring - Kibana



GlideinWMS monitoring - GRACC and Graphana



GlideinMonitor

GWMS Factory Job Logs Home

Goto GUID

Factory Monitoring Job View

Filters below alter the data in the table

Click search once you have narrowed the query

Timestamp From

Timestamp To

Entry Name

Search

Copy Excel Print

Show 10 entries

JobID	FileSize	Timestamp	FrontendUsername	InstanceName	EntryName
job.100.0	18061	2015-11-05T09:28:13-06:00	user_frontend	glidein_gfactory_instance	entry_HCC_US_Omaha_cra
job.101.0	18031	2015-11-05T09:43:31-06:00	user_frontend	glidein_gfactory_instance	entry_HCC_US_Omaha_cra
job.102.0	18027	2015-11-05T09:59:38-06:00	user_frontend	glidein_gfactory_instance	entry_HCC_US_Omaha_cra
job.103.0	18011	2015-11-05T10:09:37-06:00	user_frontend	glidein_gfactory_instance	entry_HCC_US_Omaha_cra
job.104.0	0	2015-11-05T10:09:37-06:00	user_frontend	glidein_gfactory_instance	entry_HCC_US_Omaha_cra

- entry_HCC_US_Omaha_crane_gpu ✓
- entry_ITB_FC_CE2_mc4 ✓
- entry_ITB_FC_HTCE1
- entry_Lucille_CE
- entry_ITB_FC_CE2

GWMS Factory Job Logs Home

Goto GUID

Job 900

Time: 2019-07-20T23:40:15-05:00

General Information

Timestamp	1563684015
FileSize (.err + .out)	196219
Entry Name	entry_ITB_FC_CE2
Instance Name	glidein_gfactory_instance
Frontend Username	user_frontend
GUID	user_frontend@glidein_gfactory_instance@entry_ITB_FC_CE2@job.462237.0

Data Files

Open

Full Logs

[900.out](#)

[900.err](#)

[900.tar.gz](#)

[900.json](#)

Condor Logs

[Master Log](#)

[Startd Log](#)

[Starter Log](#)

[StardHist Log](#)

[XML Description](#)

Log Search

Output & Error Log Combined

Search

ERROR_GEN_PATH /scratch/12131510.1.long/home_crm09_017103526/CREAM017103526/glide_nj1060/main/error_gen.sh
error_gen.37j90R.sh: OK

- Scientific computing
- GlideinWMS
- HTCondor
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- Monitoring
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- Demo

Links – GlideinWMS Website

glideinwms.fnal.gov



GlideinWMS

The Glidein-based Workflow Management System

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Overview

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The diagram illustrates the workflow of the GlideinWMS system. It shows three main components at the top: User Jobs, GlideinWMS Frontend, and CorraWMS Frontend. These components interact with a User Pool (Condor) and a Glidein Factory & WMS Pool. The User Pool (Condor) and the Glidein Factory & WMS Pool both interact with Grid Sites, which are represented by Worker nodes.

Overview

The purpose of the GlideinWMS is to provide a simple way to access the Grid resources. GlideinWMS is a Glidein Based WMS (Workload Management System) that works on top of [HTCondor](#). Glideins are like placeholders, a mechanism by which one or more remote resources temporarily join a local HTCondor pool. The HTCondor system is used for scheduling and job control.

The GlideinWMS is made of several services (In animation to the right, you can see this process with green circles representing jobs, black circles as glideins and gray as resources in HTCondor).

- Users submit jobs to the **User Pool** HTCondor schedd process.
- The **GlideinWMS Frontend** polls the user pool to make sure that there are enough glideins (workers) to satisfy user jobs. It submits requests to the glidein factory to submit glideins.
- The **Glidein Factory and WMS Pool** receives requests from the frontend(s) and submits a HTCondor startd wrapper (glidein) to entry points (grid sites).
- The grid sites receive the (glidein) jobs and start a HTCondor startd that joins the User Pool. This glidein shows up as a resource in the User Pool.
- The user jobs are matched with these resources

The result is that users can [submit regular HTCondor jobs](#) to the local queue and the Glidein Factory will provide the computing resources behind the scenes. From the final user point of view, the HTCondor pool (User Pool) just magically grows and shrinks as needed. The user needs not worry about grid entry points, managing queues, or provisioning worker nodes.

Current release

For release information, see the [Download Page](#).

Frequently Asked Questions

- **What can GlideinWMS be used for?**
The GlideinWMS can be used to shield regular users from the Grid.
A user will submit a vanilla or standard job to a local HTCondor schedd and the GlideinWMS will make sure the job runs somewhere.
A user needs not worry about site selection or other grid technicalities.
- **If the GlideinWMS is HTCondor based, does this mean it can only be used on Grid sites that use HTCondor as the underlying batch system?**
No. HTCondor is used just as an overlay WMS batch system (i.e. a user submits to a local condor_schedd).
Any grid resource can be used using GlideinWMS.
- **What are the advantages of using glideins?**
Installing and configuring the glidein infrastructure can be daunting, but it has a lot of advantages. Once configured, the task of submitting jobs to the grid is vastly simplified. In addition, glideins allow worker nodes to process multiple jobs. If a job finishes and there are still unmatched jobs in the user pool, the glidein will continue servicing the user pool.
GlideinWMS also solves many problems with the grid. If a site is malfunctioning, this will only affect the glidein factory (see [animation](#)). User jobs will not be lost to the broken site. Other similar problems will be shielded from users.



The diagram illustrates the workflow of the GlideinWMS system. It shows three main components at the top: User Jobs, GlideinWMS Frontend, and CorraWMS Frontend. These components interact with a User Pool (Condor) and a Glidein Factory & WMS Pool. The User Pool (Condor) and the Glidein Factory & WMS Pool both interact with Grid Sites, which are represented by Worker nodes.

Links – GlideinWMS API

glideinwms.fnal.gov/api/

GlideinWMS 3.6.2 documentation »

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 - glideinwms.frontend.glideinFrontendElement module

Links – OSG Docs: install

<https://opensciencegrid.org/docs/other/install-gwms-frontend/>

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14 Stars · 27 Forks

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GlideinWMS VO Frontend Installation

This document describes how to install the Glidein Workflow Management System (GlideinWMS) VO Frontend for use with the OSG Glidein factory. This software is the minimum requirement for a VO to use GlideinWMS.

This document assumes expertise with HTCondor and familiarity with the GlideinWMS software. It **does not** cover anything but the simplest possible install. Please consult the [GlideinWMS reference documentation](#) for advanced topics, including non- `root` , non-RPM-based installation.

This document covers three components of the GlideinWMS a VO needs to install:

- **User Pool Collectors:** A set of `condor_collector` processes. Pilots submitted by the factory will join to one of these collectors to form a HTCondor pool.
- **User Pool Schedd:** A `condor_schedd` . Users may submit HTCondor vanilla universe jobs to this schedd; it will run jobs in the HTCondor pool formed by the **User Pool Collectors**.
- **Glidein Frontend:** The frontend will periodically query the **User Pool Schedd** to determine the desired number of running job slots. If necessary, it will request the Factory to launch additional pilots.

This guide covers installation of all three components on the same host: it is designed for small to medium VOs (see the Hardware Requirements below). Given a significant, large host, we have been able to scale the single-host install to 20,000 running jobs.

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Links – OSG Docs: install

<https://opensciencegrid.org/operations/services/install-gwms-factory/>

 OSG Operations

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GlideinWMS Factory Installation

This document describes how to install a Glidein Workflow Management System (GlideinWMS) Factory instance.

This document assumes expertise with HTCondor and familiarity with the GlideinWMS software. It **does not** cover anything but the simplest possible install. Please consult the [GlideinWMS reference documentation](#) for advanced topics, including non-root, non-RPM-based installation. In this document the terms glidein and pilot (job) will be used interchangeably.



This parts covers these primary components of the GlideinWMS system:

Firewalls
Installation Procedure
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 Reconfiguring GlideinWMS
 Upgrading GlideinWMS

Links – Weekly CI email

CI build of GlideinWMS_CI workflow for slf7 Succeeded



owner-glideinwms@listserv.fnal.gov <owner-glideinwms@listserv.fnal.gov> on behalf of cireports_jenkins@fnal.gov <cireports_jenkins@fnal.gov>

listserv

Monday, 3 June 2019 at 1:29 AM

[Show Details](#)

CI build of GlideinWMS_CI workflow for slf7 Succeeded

Build number: 917

GlideinwmsCI Web App: [here](#)

Jenkins build: [here](#)

HOSTNAME: buildservice008.fnal.gov

LINUX DISTRO: Description: Scientific Linux release 7.6 (Nitrogen)

PYTHON LOCATION: /scratch/workspace/glideinwms_ci/label_exp/RHEL7/label_exp2/swarm/venv-2.7/bin/python

PYLINT: pylint 1.8.4, astroid 1.6.0Python 2.7.5 (default, Apr 8 2019, 14:44:40) [GCC 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-36)]

PEP8: 2.5.0

GIT BRANCHES	PYLINT				UNIT TESTS			FUTURIZE
	FILES CHECKED	FILES WITH ERRORS	TOTAL ERRORS	PEP8 ERRORS	#TESTS	#ERRORS	#FAILURES	FILES TO BE REFACTORED
branch_v3_4	203	0	0	3528	510	0	0	2
master	203	0	0	3435	503	0	0	2
master_ci	199	0	0	3610	465	0	0	2
v35/20215_rpm	203	0	0	3435	503	0	0	2
v35/21940	206	0	0	3446	577	0	0	3

branches to refactorize:

branch_v3_4
master
master_ci
v35_20215_rpm
v35_21940

Git commits in the last day:

./glideinwms/.git:
origin <http://cdcv.s.fnal.gov/projects/glideinwms>
./glideinwms_master_ci/.git:
origin <http://cdcv.s.fnal.gov/projects/glideinwms>

SVN: last 10 commits in the trunk/tag:

CI report sent to:

ci_build_reports@fnal.gov, thein@fnal.gov, marcom@fnal.gov, glideinwms@fnal.gov

Cheers,
CI workflow script

Links – Weekly CI email (cont)

<https://buildmaster.fnal.gov/buildmaster/view/GlideinWMS/>

The screenshot shows the Jenkins web interface for the GlideinWMS project. The browser address bar displays the URL <https://buildmaster.fnal.gov/buildmaster/view/GlideinWMS/>. The Jenkins header includes the logo, a search bar, and the user 'llobato'. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Personas, Historial de trabajos, Relacion entre proyectos, Comprobar firma de archivos, and Mis vistas. Below these are sections for 'Trabajos en la cola (3)' and 'Estado del ejecutor de construcciones'. The main content area, titled 'GlideinWMS Related Builds', features a tabbed interface with 'GlideinWMS' selected. A table displays build information:

S	W	Nombre ↓	Último Éxito	Último Fallo	Última Duración
🟢	☀️	GlideinWMS-Builds	1 Año 8 Mes - #29	1 Año 8 Mes - #28	4 Min 7 Seg
🟢	☀️	GlideinWMS-Pylint	1 Año 0 Mes - #785	N/D	29 Min
🟢	☁️	GlideinWMS-Pylint-Old	1 Año 11 Mes - #78	N/D	6 Min 31 Seg
🟡	☀️	GlideinWMS-Unittests	1 Año 11 Mes - #56	N/D	10 Min

Below the table, there are links for 'Icono: S M L' and a row of RSS feeds: 'Guía de iconos', 'RSS para todos', 'RSS para fallas', and 'RSS para los más recientes'.

<https://cdcv.s.fnal.gov/redmine/projects/glideinwms/wiki#For-New-Member-Orientation-see-NewMemberOrientation>

52 5/19/20 Marco Mambelli | GlideinWMS introduction

Links – Git repo

git clone ssh://p-glideinwms@cdcvns.fnal.gov/cvs/projects/glideinwms

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Logged in as [llobato](#) [My account](#) [Sign out](#)

glideinWMS

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root @ master

Statistics | Branch: master | Tag: | Revision:

Name	Size
build	
config	
creation	
doc	
etc	
factory	
frontend	
install	
lib	
tools	
unittests	
.gitattributes	10.3 KB
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.txt	416 Bytes
LICENSE	2.13 KB
__init__.py	84 Bytes

Latest revisions

#	Date	Author	Comment	Code reviews
1fc603c7	06/12/2019 02:52 PM	Marco Mambelli	Python3 compat improvement	No reviews: Assign
64f3f750	06/08/2019 05:27 PM	Marco Mambelli	Added notes and improved documentation for upgrade to v3.5 (migration to single user Factory)	No reviews: Assign
bc53c540	06/07/2019 11:42 PM	Marco Mambelli	ready for release v3_5	No reviews: Assign
de0382ad	06/07/2019 11:29 PM	Marco Mambelli	Merge branch 'master' of ssh://cdcvns.fnal.gov/cvs/projects/glideinwms	No reviews: Assign
41db47a9	06/07/2019 04:18 PM	Marco Mambelli	pep8 improvement	No reviews: Assign
e0eb9dc4	06/07/2019 04:04 PM	Marco Mambelli	Merge branch 'v3/22520'	No reviews: Assign
94cf58b0	06/07/2019 03:40 PM	Brian Lin	Fix path to gwms_renew_proxies._run_command for Jenkins	No reviews: Assign

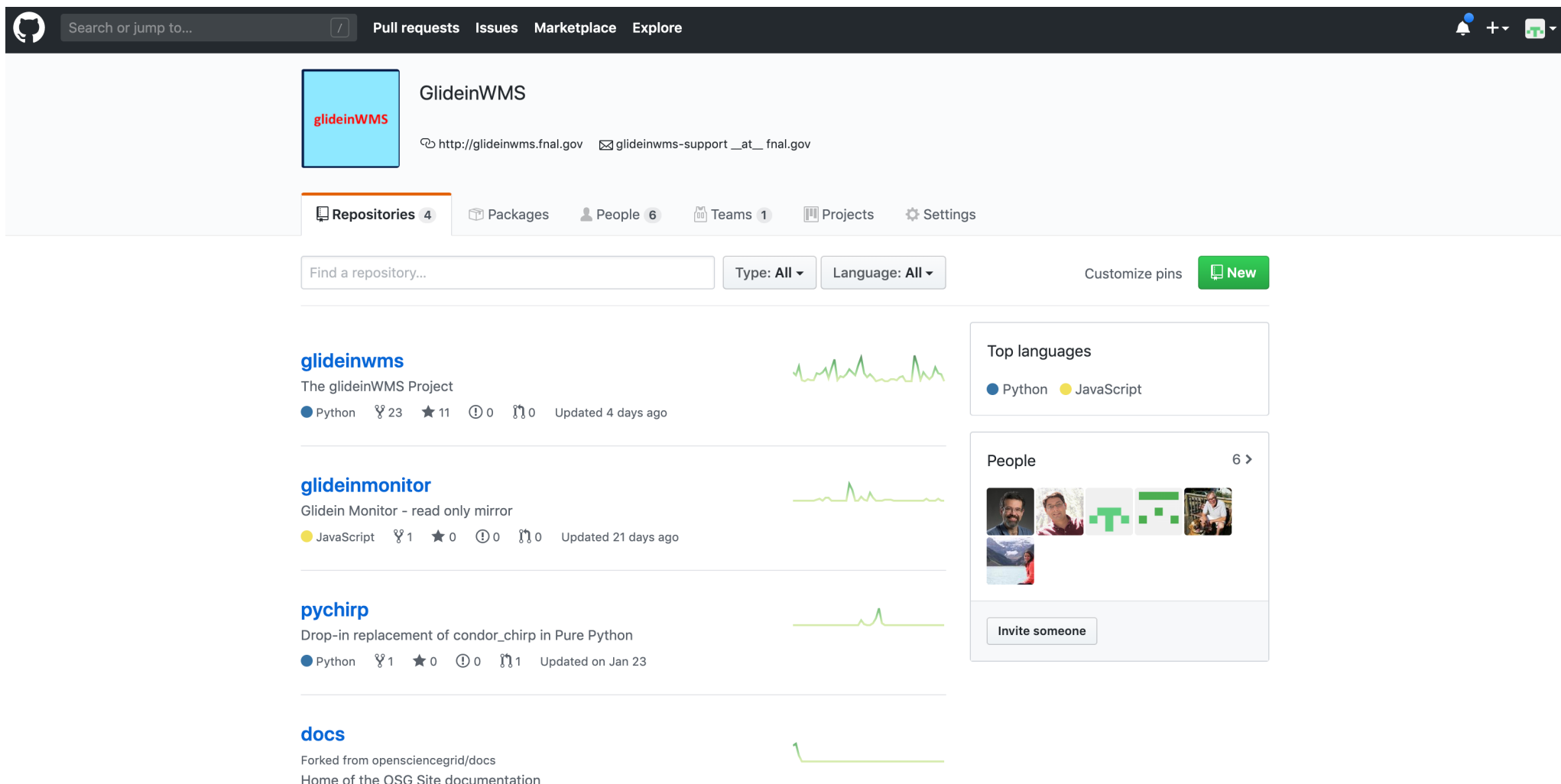
Repositories

Main repository

switchboard

Links – GitHub

<https://github.com/glideinWMS>



The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for **glideinWMS**. The repository is owned by **glideinWMS** and has a description: "The glideinWMS Project". It is a Python project with 23 forks, 11 stars, and 0 issues. It was updated 4 days ago. The repository is part of a collection of 4 repositories, including **glideinmonitor**, **pychirp**, and **docs**. The **glideinmonitor** repository is a JavaScript project with 1 fork, 0 stars, and 0 issues, updated 21 days ago. The **pychirp** repository is a Python project with 1 fork, 0 stars, and 0 issues, updated on Jan 23. The **docs** repository is a forked repository from **opensciencegrid/docs**, with 1 fork, 0 stars, and 0 issues, updated on Jan 23. The page also features a sidebar with "Top languages" (Python, JavaScript) and "People" (6 contributors).

Search or jump to... Pull requests Issues Marketplace Explore

glideinWMS

http://glideinwms.fnal.gov glideinwms-support_at_fnal.gov

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Find a repository... Type: All Language: All Customize pins New

glideinwms
The glideinWMS Project
Python 23 forks 11 stars 0 issues Updated 4 days ago

glideinmonitor
Glidein Monitor - read only mirror
JavaScript 1 fork 0 stars 0 issues Updated 21 days ago

pychirp
Drop-in replacement of condor_chirp in Pure Python
Python 1 fork 0 stars 0 issues Updated on Jan 23

docs
Forked from opensciencegrid/docs
Home of the OSG Site documentation

Top languages
Python JavaScript

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Invite someone

- Scientific computing
- GlideinWMS
- HTCondor
- Resources
- Monitoring
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- **Demo**

Summary

- Scientific computing requires a lot of computing
- GlideinWMS is a pilot based resource provisioning tool for distributed High Throughput Computing
 - Provides reliable and uniform virtual clusters
 - Submits Glideins to unreliable heterogeneous resources
- HTCondor provides the tools
 - ClassAds, schedd, startd, collector
- Worker nodes on Resources
 - cores, memory and disk
 - Can run multiple jobs
- Good monitoring helps troubleshooting
- <http://glideinwms.fnal.gov/>

References

- HTCondor slides are based in part on a presentation by Todd Tannenbaum and the HTCondor team
<http://www.cs.wisc.edu/condor/>
- GlideinWMS slides are based in part on previous presentations by the GlideinWMS project developers

Extra slides

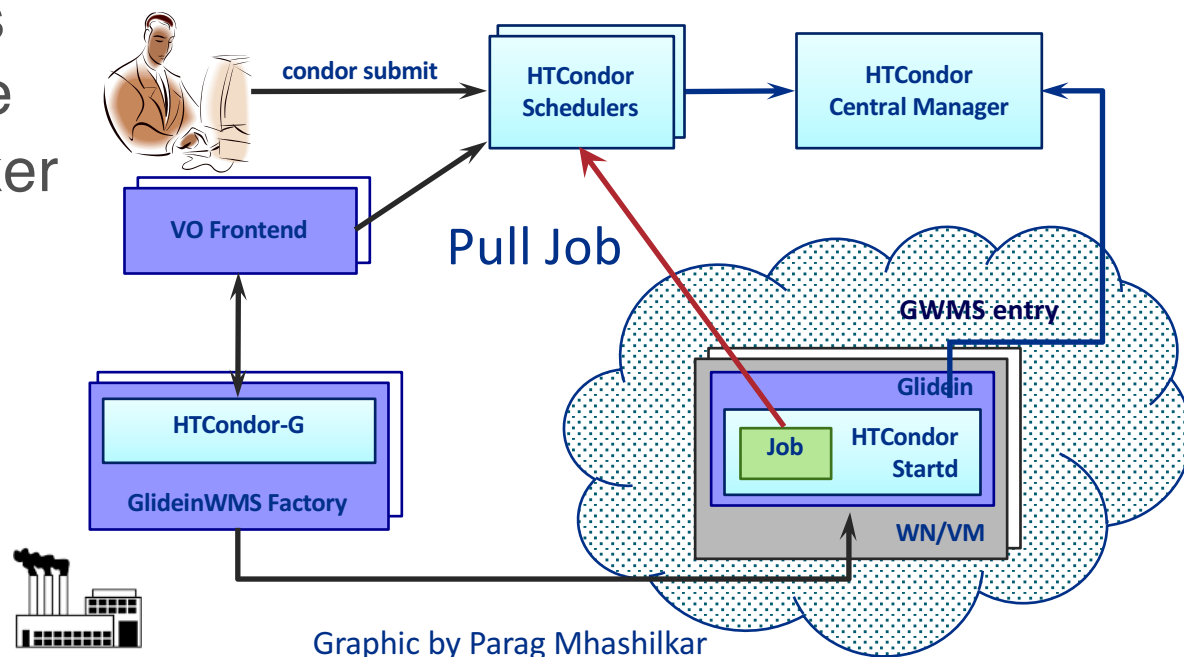
Glidein based Workload Management System

- The Grid is a sum of thousands of independent Grid sites
- Choosing where to try to run the jobs is not a trivial task -> Extra operations
 - To keep in mind: reliability, scalability, priorities, location, quotas...
- Resources are located in independent pools
 - How minimizing the waste?
- Need abstraction layer for submission to any site
- GlideinWMS makes it easier and transparent to the users
 - Division of operations
- Advantages of a local batch system (HTCondor based overlay system)

Glidein based Workload Management System

GWMS is a workload manager for scientific jobs: it provisions resources from different sources and makes them available to users jobs in a single virtual cluster

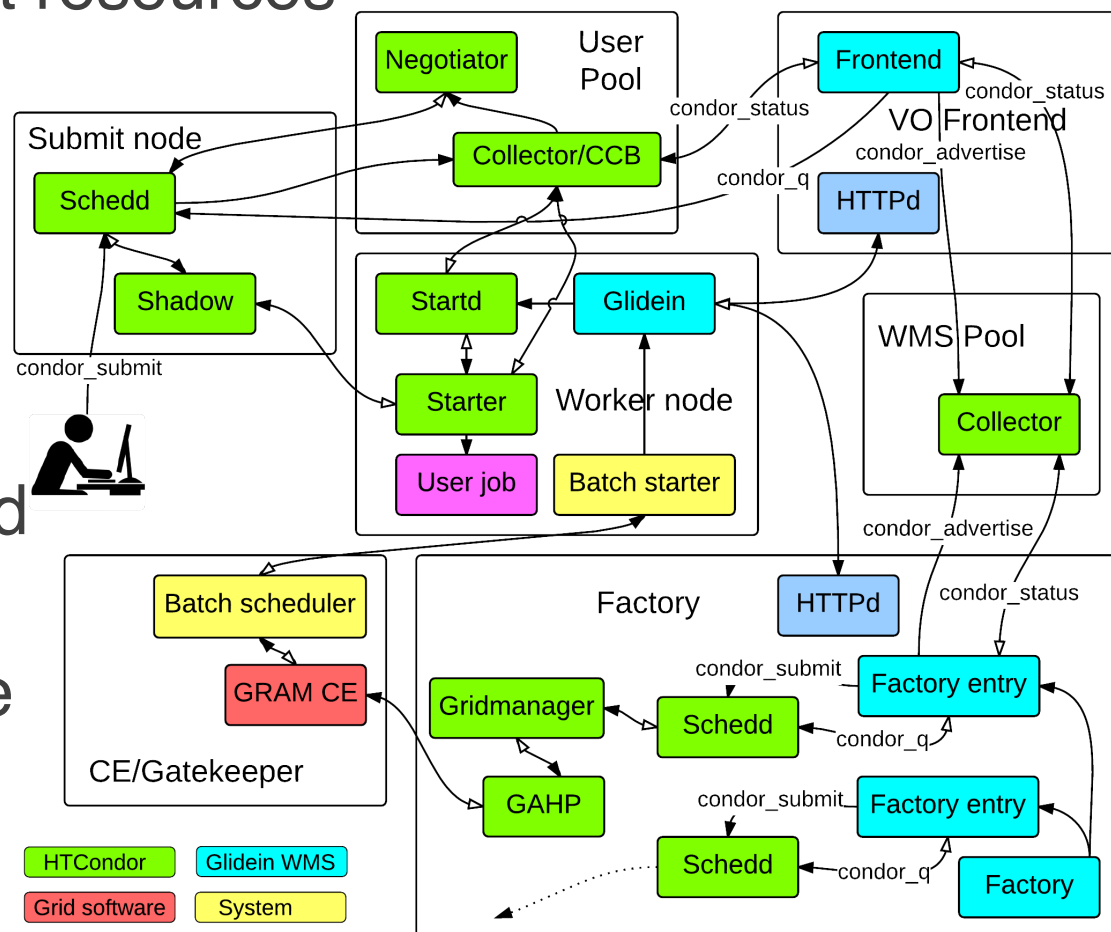
- The cluster provided to you is virtual because the hosts are in different places and sometime not even there until you need them
- Uses Glideins or pilots to acquire and prepare the resources, or worker nodes, where the jobs run
- Based on HTCondor



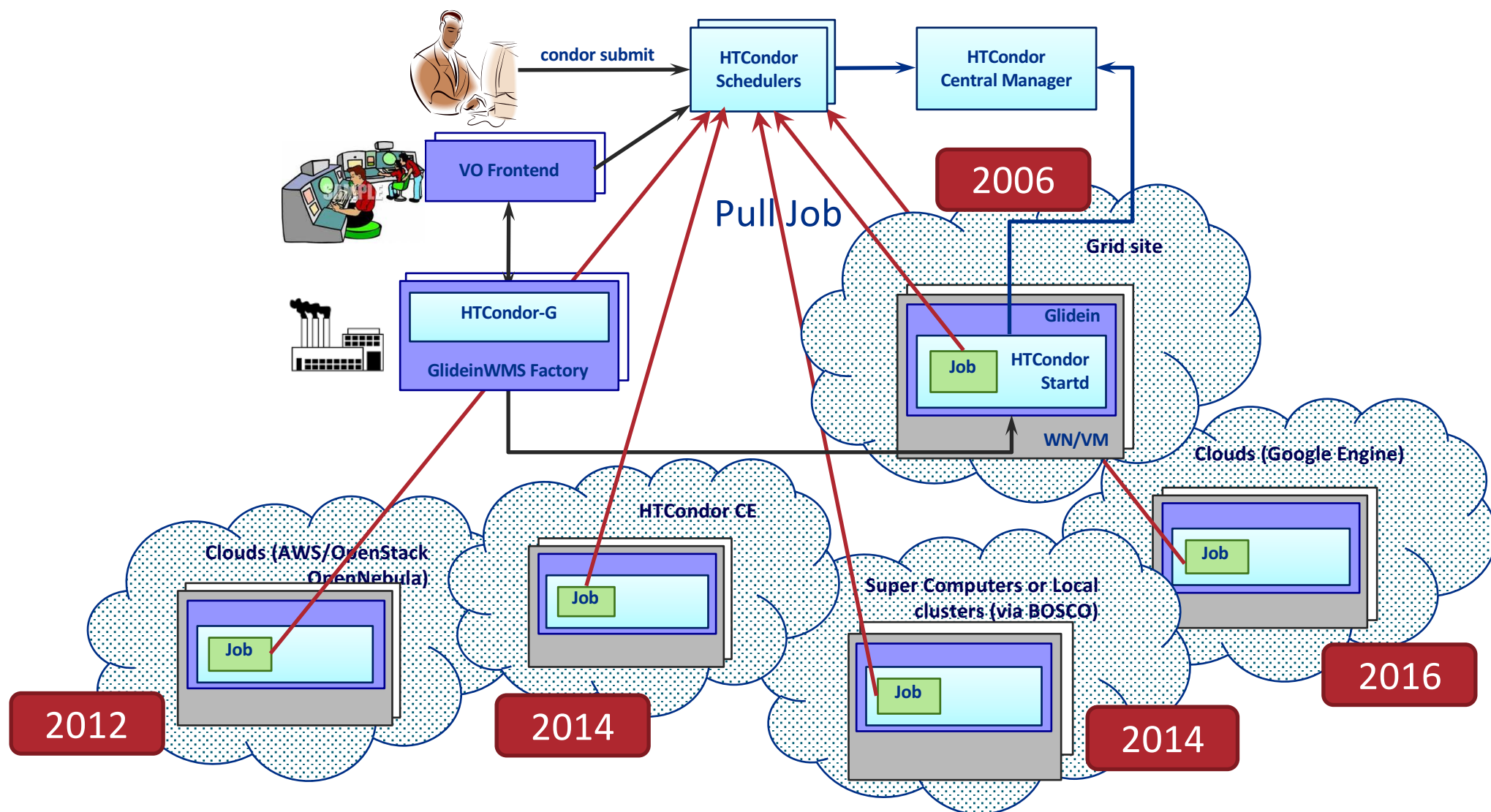
Graphic by Parag Mhashilkar

HTCondor building blocks in Glidein WMS

- The Factory works with an HTCondor pool, WMS pool, to submit Glideins to different resources
- The HTCondor Glideins are pilots that launch a startd that registers on a second HTCondor pool, User pool
- User jobs are matched and execute on the resources
- The Frontend monitors the user schedds and notifies the Factory about the need for more Glideins



New resources added over time



Job and Machine ‘dimensions’

- Job request
 - request_cpus: number of cores, integer, default 1.
 - request_disk: amount of disk space in Kbytes, default to sum of sizes of the job's executable and all input files (or image size)
 - request_memory: amount of memory space in Mbytes, default to executable size
- Machine
 - Cpus: number of cores, integer, by default the available cores
 - Disk: amount of disk space on this machine available for the job in KiB, by default the available space
 - Memory: amount of RAM in MiB in this slot
- Over and Under provision